

Español 4

May 19, 2020



Objective

In this lesson, we will learn about *El 30 de abril Día del niño*

Maestras/Teachers: Dora Fonseca, Jessica Niehues y Cuquita Evans.



Learning Target:

After this lesson, students will be able to:

- To explain El día del niño celebration.

(Bell ringer):

¿Cuándo se celebra el día del niño?

Un niño siempre puede enseñar tres cosas a un adulto: a ponerse contento sin motivo, a estar siempre ocupado con algo y a saber exigir con todas sus fuerzas aquello que desea

El tiempo es un niño que juega como un niño. Yo soy uno pero contrapuesto a mí mismo soy joven y viejo al mismo tiempo.



Lesson/activity

El día del niño



Lesson/activity

“El Dia del Niño” or “Day of the Child”, a celebration that originated in Mexico and dates back to 1925, is celebrated each year on April 30th. It is now Observed in many Latin American and other countries around the world. El Día del Niño is much more than a discovery and event of the 30th of April. This day is about recognizing the importance of children in society and promoting their well being

Schools host special events inviting parents to celebrate and share Children’s Day with students. Parties are held and children take part in activities like face painting, story-telling, art workshops, and plays.

Lesson/activity

El día del niño

Many celebrations in Mexico take part throughout the streets with parades, magicians, musicians, storytellers and entertainers populating children's favorite hangout spots. They celebrate at school most often canceling classes, the malls, the movies, water and amusement parks.

Celebrating all the children of Mexico is of utmost importance, many movements are organized to collect donations of toys to give to orphaned children, so that every child may feel included in the celebration.

Lesson/activity

El día del niño

The children Play cultural games such as Loteria, a Spanish Version of Bingo, Outdoor games such as, Stealing the Sombrero, which could also involve a craft activity where children create paper sombreros and they are then pinned to children's backs and while music is played children try to steal each other's sombreros.

Music is a large part of any celebration, dancing to the Mexican Hat Dance is another cultural tradition in any celebration, where children hold hands in a circle and each take turns dancing in the middle.

Lesson/activity

El día del niño

While receiving gifts and toys is a joy, teaching children about giving to those who are less fortunate is important. This can be done by having children make toy crafts in school or at home.



Lesson/activity



El día del niño en una escuela en México



Lesson/activity



Lesson/activity

Si fueras niño otra vez, ¿Te gustaría celebrar el día del niño?
Sí/no y ¿Por qué?

Lesson/activity

El día del niño en colombia



Practice for student

Traduce



Practice for student

Describe la foto por favor:



Lesson/activity

El video del día del niño





Practice for student

Después de ver el video en español, explica ¿Por qué se celebra el día del niño? (en inglés)



Practice for Student

Celebrando el día del niño en E.E.U.U.

¿Crees que podemos hacer esto en una escuela en independence?

¡ Sería maravilloso!



**Con Cariño las maestras Cuquita, Dora y Jessica.
Los extrañamos. 😊**

Rsources

[Ideas para el día del niño](#)

[El día del niño en los E.E.U.U.](#)